

Practice Problems 9 Monday, November 4, 2024

- 1. A not uncommon calculus mistake is to believe that the product rule for derivatives says that (fg)' = f'g'. If $f(x) = e^{x^2}$, determine, with proof, whether there exists an open interval (a, b) and a non-zero function g defined on (a, b) such that this wrong product rule is true for x in (a, b).
- 2. In the additive group of ordered pairs of integers (m, n) [with addition defined componentwise: (m, n) + (m'mn') = (m+m', n+n')] consider the subgroup H generated by the three elements (3, 8), (4, -1), (5, 4). Then H has another set of generators of the form (1, b), (0, a) for some integers a, b with a > 0. Find a.

[Elements g_1, g_2, \ldots, g_k are said to generate a subgroup H if (i) each $g_i \in H$, and (ii) every $h \in H$ can be written as a sum $h = n_1g_1 + n_2g_2 + \cdots + n_kg_k$ where the n_i are integers (and where, for example, $3g_1 - 2g_2$ means $g_1 + g_1 + g_2 - g_2$).]

- 3. Evaluate $\sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} (x-k)^n.$
- 4. For which real numbers c is there a straight line that intersects the graph of $f(x) = x^4 + 9x^3 + cx^2 + 9x + 4$

in four distinct points?

- 5. Show that there do not exist four points in the Euclidean plane such that the pairwise distances between the points are all odd integers.
- 6. Prove that for each positive integer n, the number $10^{10^{10^n}} + 10^{10^n} + 10^n 1$ is not prime.
- 7. If A and B are square matrices of the same size such that ABAB = 0, does it follow that BABA = 0?