

Practice Problems 6

Monday, October 7, 2024

- 1. If z is any complex root of $11z^{10} + 10iz^9 + 10iz 11 = 0$, show that |z| = 1. (Here i is a complex number satisfying $i^2 = -1$.)
- 2. Let n be a positive integer, and define $f(n) = 1! + 2! + \cdots + n!$. Find polynomials P(x) and Q(x) such that

$$f(n+2) = P(n)f(n+1) + Q(n)f(n)$$

for all $n \ge 1$.

- 3. Given a positive integer n, what is the largest k such that the numbers 1, 2, ..., n can be put into k boxes so that the sum of the numbers in each box is the same? [When n = 8, the example $\{1, 2, 3, 6\}$, $\{4, 8\}$, $\{5, 7\}$ shows that the largest k is at least 3.]
- 4. Find polynomials f(x), g(x) and h(x), if they exist, such that for all x,

$$|f(x)| - |g(x)| + h(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & \text{if } x < -1; \\ 3x + 2, & \text{if } -1 \le x \le 0; \\ -2x + 2, & \text{if } x > 0. \end{cases}$$

- 5. Given a set of six points in the plane, prove that the ratio of the longest distance between any pair, to the shortest, is at least $\sqrt{3}$.
- 6. If a linear transformation A on an n-dimensional vector space has n+1 eigenvectors such that any n of them are linearly independent, does it follow that A is a scalar multiple of the identity? Prove your answer.
- 7. Determine all solutions in real numbers x, y, z, w of the system

$$x + y + z = w$$
, $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{w}$.